





7906-501 JUNE 2018 Level 3 Advanced Technical Diploma in Site Carpentry (450)

Level 3 Site Carpentry – Theory exam

If provided, stick your candidate barcode label here.	Thursday 21 June 2018 09:30 – 12:00
Candidate name (first, last)	
First	
Last	
Candidate enrolment number Date of bir	th (DDMMYYYY) Gender (M/F)
Assessment date (DDMMYYYY) Centre nur	mber Candidate signature and declaration*
 Please ensure that you staple additional are booklet, clearly labelling them with your full and qualification number in BLOCK CAPITAL All candidates need to use a black/blue pe 	name, enrolment number, centre number S. Control of the questions in this assessment

You should have the following for this examination

- non-programmable calculator
- a pen with blue or black ink

General instructions

This question paper is the property of City and Guilds of London and should be returned after the examination.

- This examination contains **21** questions. Answer **all** questions.
- **Section A** consists of **10** multiple choice questions, each carrying 1 mark.
 - Indicate your response (a, b, c or d) in the space provided.
- **Section B** consists of **11** structured/short answer questions.
 - Answer the questions in the space provided.
 - The marks for each question are shown in brackets.

Section A

- 1 Which **best** describes 'permitted development'?
 - a) Construction work that does not require building regulations approval.
 - b) Certain types of building work that do not require planning permission.
 - c) Construction work that can be completed with the owner's permission.
 - d) Certain types of building work that requires outline planning approval.

Response:	

- 2 What is the purpose of sustainable development?
 - a) To provide high quality developments.
 - b) To provide low building cost developments.
 - c) To provide developments constructed using only man made materials.
 - d) To provide developments constructed without depleting natural resources.

Response:		

- 3 Where is multi-foil insulation **most** commonly used?
 - a) In solid floors.
 - b) In cavity walls.
 - c) In pitched roofs.
 - d) In partition walls.

- 4 Rain water can be harvested for flushing toilets. What is this water commonly known as?
 - a) Green water.
 - b) Blue water.
 - c) White water.
 - d) Grey water.

- 5 What is the purpose of a documented risk assessments and method statements?
 - a) To complete a task quickly and economically.
 - b) To identify materials to be used and state how to eliminate risks.
 - c) To identify potential harm and give a safe sequence of operations.
 - d) To complete a task to a high quality and meets the customer needs.

F	Res	ponse:		

Which **best** describes BIM?

- An integrated approach to building design. The process of regulating standards of building.

	c) d)	The process of applying for planning permission. A scaled model of the finished construction project.
	Res	ponse:
7	Wha	at is the minimum moisture content that will cause wet rot to start?
	a) b) c) d)	10% 15% 20% 25%
	Res	ponse:
8		at joint would be used when replacing the foot of a rafter that is showing signs ecay?
	a) b) c) d)	Butt. Scarf. Header. Housing.
	Res	ponse:
9		at will be effected by fitting a blade less than the recommended diameter to ble saw?
	a) b) c) d)	The peripheral speed will increase. The peripheral speed will reduce. The RPM will increase. The RPM will reduce.
	Res	ponse:
10	Wha	at should be used, when cutting glue blocks on a table saw?
	a) b) c)	Saddle. Template. False fence.



d) Wedge jig.

Response: _____

Section B

a)	List three types of planning permission.	(3 marks)
b)	Summarise two of the planning permission listed in 11 a).	(4 marks)
Doo		(Emarka)
	scribe the information sources that would be consulted to accurately submit a tender.	(5 marks)
	b)	b) Summarise two of the planning permission listed in 11 a).

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3	A carpenter is working on a building site and there has been a near miss incident. As a precautions it has been decided to communicate safety information to all staff. Describe two methods of communicating the safety information to the work force.	(4 marks
4	Explain the advantages of clear and concise communication when co-operating with members of the building team during a construction project.	(5 marks

15	a)	State two signs of dry rot attack.	(2 marks) _
	b)	Evoluin how to gradicate dry retattack to provent it from reaccurring	
	IJj	Explain how to eradicate dry rot attack to prevent it from reoccurring.	(4 marks)
			_
			_
16	a)	State the name of the legislation that covers woodworking machinery.	(1 mark)
	b)	State the name of the guidance document that is specific to	_
		woodworking machinery.	(1 mark)
	c)	Identify two areas found in the guidance document identified in 16 b).	(2 marks)
			_

ma Exp	ew employee has started work and is required to operate the woodworking chine and complete a risk assessment. Dlain four safety considerations to be documented in the risk assessment,	14 mar
WH	en working on this machine.	(4 mar
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	ile working on site, a carpenter is required to rip timber to width. ring the sawing operation the timber binds on the saw blade.	-
a)	State two possible causes of this problem.	(2 ma
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b)	Describe how the causes stated in 18 a) can be rectified.	(4 ma
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19	State where the information can be found on the safe use of the narrow bandsaw.	(4 marks)
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20	Contact with the blade is a known risk when using circular saws. Describe three control measures that will minimise this risk.	(3 marks)
		_
		_
		_



A carpenter has been asked to make the gallows brackets as shown in Figure 1, for twelve front entrance canopy roofs. The timber has been delivered rough sawn. There is access to a small workshop with a radial arm saw, table saw, surface planer, thicknesser, band saw and a morticer.



Figure 1

Discuss the requirements of preparing and fabricating the gallows brackets.	(12 marks)	
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Question 21 continued
