

# Level 3 Advanced Technical Diploma in Plastering (7908-003/7908-503)

November 2017 Version 1.1

**Guide to the examination** 

Version and Date	Change Detail	Section
June 2019 v1.1	Amendment to number of resit opportunities	. Details of the exam

# Who is this document for?

This document has been produced for centres who offer **City & Guilds Level 3 Advanced Diploma in Plastering (Fibrous).** It gives all of the essential details of the qualification's external assessment (exam) arrangements and has been produced to support the preparation of candidates to take the exam/s.

The document comprises four sections:

- 1. **Details of the exam**. This section gives details of the structure, length and timing of the exam.
- 2. **Content assessed by the exam.** This section gives a summary of the content that will be covered in each exam and information of how marks are allocated to the content.
- 3. **Guidance.** This section gives guidance on the language of the exam, the types of questions included and examples of these, and links to further resources to support teaching and exam preparation.
- **4. Further information.** This section lists other sources of information about this qualification and City & Guilds Technical Qualifications.

# 1. Details of the exam

#### **External assessment**

City & Guilds Technical qualifications have been developed to meet national policy changes designed to raise the rigour and robustness of vocational qualifications. These changes are being made to ensure our qualifications can meet the needs of employers and Higher Education. One of these changes is for the qualifications to have an increased emphasis on external assessment this is why you will see an external exam in each of our Technical qualifications.

An external assessment is an assessment that is set and/or marked by the awarding organisation (ie externally). All City and Guilds Technical qualifications include an externally set and marked exam. This must be taken at the same time by all candidates who are registered on a particular qualification. We produce an exam timetable each year. This specifies the date and time of the exam so you can plan your delivery, revision and room bookings/PC allocation in plenty of time.

The purpose of this exam is to provide assurance that all candidates achieving the qualification have gained sufficient knowledge and understanding from their programme of study and that they can independently recall and draw their knowledge and understanding together in an integrated way. Whilst this may not be new to you, it is essential that your learners are well prepared and that they have time to revise, reflect and prepare for these exams. We have produced a Teaching, Learning, and Assessment guide that is you should refer to alongside the present document (*Teaching, Learning and Assessment Guide*). If a learner does not pass the exam at their first attempt, there is only one opportunity to resit the exam, so preparation is essential.

#### Exam requirements of this qualification

#### Plastering (Fibrous) – Theory exam (2 hours and 30 minutes).

The exam is graded and a candidate must achieve at least a Pass grade in order to be awarded the qualification. (In addition to the exam, a synoptic assignment must also be completed and passed). You can find full details of the synoptic assignment in the *Qualification Handbook* and the *Synoptic Assessment Guide* -please see the link to the qualification page at the end of this document).

#### When does the exam take place?

This qualification involves a one year programme of study. The exam is offered on two fixed dates in March or June. The exact dates will be published at the start of the academic year in the *Assessments and Exam Timetable* <u>http://www.cityandguilds.com/delivering-our-gualifications/exams-and-admin</u>.

In order to effectively plan teaching and exam preparation, centres should know when the exam will be taking place and allocate teaching time accordingly. Section 2 of this document gives a summary of the content that needs to be covered in order to prepare learners for the exam and full details of this are given in the Qualification Handbook.

#### Form of exam

The exam for this qualification can be taken either on paper (7908-503) or online (7908-003).

# Can candidates resit the exam?

Candidates who have failed an exam or wish to retake it in an attempt to improve their grade, can do so **twice**. The third and final retake opportunity applies to Level 3 only. The best result will count towards the final qualification. If the candidate fails the exam three times then they will fail the qualification.

#### How the exam is structured

Each exam has a total of 70 marks available.

Each exam is made up of:

- 10 multiple choice questions
- approximately 12 -16 short answer questions
- 1 extended response question.

Multiple choice and short answer questions are used to confirm **breadth of knowledge and understanding**.

The extended response question is to allow candidates to demonstrate **higher level and integrated understanding** through written discussion, analysis and evaluation. This question also ensures the exam can differentiate between those learners who are 'just able' and those who are higher achieving.

More details about and examples of question types are given in Section 3 of this document.

#### **Assessment Objectives**

The exams are based on the following set of assessment objectives (AOs). These are designed to allow the candidate's responses to be assessed across the following three categories of performance:

- **Recollection** of knowledge.
- **Understanding** of concepts, theories and processes.
- Integrated application of knowledge and understanding.

In full, the assessment objectives covered by the exam for this qualification are:

Assessment objective	Mark allocation (approx %)
The candidate	
A01 <b>Recalls knowledge</b> from across the breadth of the qualification	47%
AO2 <b>Demonstrates understanding</b> of concepts, theories and processes from a range of learning outcomes.	36%
AO4 <b>Applies knowledge, understanding and skills</b> from across the breadth of the qualification in an integrated and holistic way to achieve specified purposes.	17%

# Booking and taking the exam

All assessments for City & Guilds Technical Exams must be booked through Walled Garden. There is a deadline for booking exams, synoptic assessments and any other centre marked assessments, please refer to the time line to check these dates.

The exam must be taken under the supervision of an invigilator who is responsible for ensuring that it is conducted under controlled conditions. Full details of the conditions under which the exam must be taken can be found in the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) document, *Instructions for Conducting Examinations (ICE)*.

# **Special consideration**

Candidates who are unable to sit the exam owing to temporary injury, illness or other indisposition at the scheduled time may qualify for special consideration. This is a post-examination adjustment that can, in certain circumstances, be made to a candidate's final grade. The Joint Council for Qualifications' guide to the special consideration process can be found at www.jcq.org.uk.

To make a request for special consideration, please contact: policy@cityandguilds.com

### **Access arrangements**

Access arrangements are arrangements that allow candidates with particular requirements, disabilities or temporary illness to take assessments, where appropriate, using their normal way of working. The Joint Council for Qualifications document, *Access Arrangements and Reasonable Adjustments* gives full details and can be downloaded <u>here.</u>

For further information and to apply for access arrangements please see: <u>Access arrangements - When and how applications need to be made to City & Guilds</u> <u>Applying for access arrangements on the Walled Garden</u>

# 2. Content assessed by the exam

### **Plastering (Fibrous)**

The exam assesses:

- Unit 301: Principles of organising, planning and pricing construction work
- Unit 302: Restoring In-situ mouldings

Each exam assesses a sample of the content of these units. This means that a single exam will **not** cover 100% of the unit content. The full range of content will be assessed over a number of examination series. Details of the coverage of a particular exam paper will **not** be released in advance of the exam itself. Centres should **not** make assumptions about what will be assessed by a particular exam based on what has been covered on previous occasions. In order to be fully prepared for the exam, learners **must** be ready to answer questions on **any** of the content outlined below.

The table below provides an overview of how the qualification's Learning Outcomes are covered by each exam and the number of **marks** available per Learning Outcome (ie **not** the number of *questions* per Learning Outcome). In preparing candidates for the exam, we recommend that centres take note of the number of marks allocated to Learning Outcomes and to assign teaching and preparation time accordingly.

In preparing candidates for the exam, centres should refer to the Qualification Handbook which gives full details of each Learning Outcome. The following is a summary of only that qualification content which is assessed by the exam and **not** a summary of the full content of the qualification.

Unit	Learning outcome	Topics	MC Questions	Number of marks
301 Principles of organising, planning and pricing construction work.	L01 Understand the way the construction industry is regulated	<ul><li>1.1 Health and Safety regulations</li><li>1.2 Planning permission and building control</li></ul>		
	LO2 Understand energy efficiency and sustainable materials for construction	<ul><li>2.1 Sustainable development</li><li>2.2 Thermally insulated materials</li><li>2.3 Construction methods for insulation</li><li>2.4 Energy saving measures</li></ul>	2	
	LO3 Understand how to estimate quantities and price work for construction	3.1 Tendering process 3.2 Estimate quantities of building materials 3.3 Prepare a quote		18
	LO4 Understand how to plan work activities for construction	<ul><li>4.1 Planning construction works</li><li>4.2 Risk assessments and method statements</li></ul>		
	LO5 Understand how to communicate effectively in the workplace	5.1 Written and oral communication	3	
	LO6 Understand and use drawings and associated software	6.1 Manual drafting 6.2 Computer Aided Design (CAD) 6.3 Building Information Modelling (BIM)		
302 Restoring In-situ mouldings	LO1 Understand the types of listed buildings	1.1: Types of building	2	

	1.2: Material analysis 1.3 Types of in-situ moulding 1.4 Types of background		
LO2 Understand and be able to prepare and restore surfaces	2.1 Information sources 2.2 Preparing backgrounds 2.3 Construct running moulds 2.4 Process for running	2	30
LO3 Be able to run and finish in-situ mouldings	3.1 Mix ratios 3.2 Apply materials 3.3 Run mouldings 3.4 Finish moulding surfaces	3	
	Total marks for sections:	10	58 marks
	Integration across units*:		12 marks
	Total marks for exam:		70 Marks

\* Integration across units. These marks relate to Assessment Objective 4). These marks are awarded to differentiate between levels of performance by candidates taking the exam. The marks are given for how well a candidate has applied their knowledge, understanding and skills from across the units that make up the qualification in an integrated way to meet the requirements of the exam questions.

# 3. Guidance

### Vocabulary of the exam: use of 'command' verbs

The exam questions are written using 'command' verbs. These are used to communicate to the candidate the type of answer required. Candidates should be familiarised with these as part of their exam preparation.

The following guidance has been produced on the main command verbs used in City & Guilds Technicals exams.

A more detailed version of this table, which also includes the command verbs used in the assignments is published in *City & Guilds Technical Qualifications Teaching, Learning and Assessment* guide.

Command verb	Explanation and guidance	
Analyse	Study or examine a complex issue, subject, event, etc in detail to explain and interpret, elements, causes, characteristics etc	
Calculate	Work out the answer to a problem using mathematical operations	
<b>Compare</b> ( and contrast) (or <b>describe</b> the similarities/differences)	Consider and describe the similarities (and differences) between two or more features, systems, ideas, etc	
Define	Give the meaning of, technical vocabulary, terms, etc.	
Describe	Give a detailed written account of a system, feature, etc (the effect ofon) the impact, change that has resulted from a cause, event, etc (the process) give the steps, stages, etc	
Differentiate between	Establish and relate the characteristic differences between two or more things, concepts, etc	
Discuss	Talk/write about a topic in detail, considering the different issues, ideas, opinions related to it	
Distinguish between	Recognise and describe the characteristic differences between two things, or make one thing seem different from another	
Evaluate	Analyse and describe the success, quality, benefits, value, etc (of an end product, outcome, etc )	
Explain	Make (a situation, idea, process, etc) clear or easier to understand by giving details, (how) Give the stages or steps, etc in a process, including relationships, connections, etc between these and causes and effects.	
Give example(s) illustrate/	Use examples or images to support, clarify or demonstrate, an explanation, argument, theory, etc	

Give a rationale	Provide a reason/reasons/basis for actions, decisions, beliefs, etc	
Identify	Recognise a feature, usually from a document, image, etc and state what it is	
Justify	Give reasons for, make a case for, account for, etc decisions, actions, conclusions, etc, in order to demonstrate why they suitable for or correct or meet the particular circumstances, context	
Label	Add names or descriptions, indicating their positions, on an image, drawing, diagram, etc	
List	Give as many answers, examples, etc as the question indicates (candidates are not required to write in full sentences)	
Name	Give the (technical) name of something	
Propose	Present a plan, strategy, etc (for consideration, discussion, acceptance, action, etc).	
Select	choose the best, most suitable, etc, by making careful decisions	
State	Give the answer, clearly and definitely	
Summarise	Give a brief statement of the main points (of something)	

#### **Question types**

The following explains, and gives examples of, types of questions used in City & Guilds Technical exams. In preparing candidates to take the exam, it is recommended that you familiarise them with the requirements of each question type so that they can be effective and make best use of the time available when sitting the exam.

- An effective candidate will gauge the type and length of response required from the question and the number of marks available (which is given for each question on the exam paper).
- Short answer questions may not require candidates to write in complete sentences. Extended response questions will require a more developed response.
- Candidates should read the exam paper before attempting to answer the questions and should allocate time proportionate to the number of marks available for each question or section.

Question type:	Example question	Mark Scheme:
<b>Multiple Choice questions</b> These are objective questions with a predetermined answer. These consist of a question (or stem) and four options. The candidate should select the correct option (the key). The other 3 options (the distractors) will be plausible but incorrect in some significant respect so that the candidate is required to consider and reject these in order to identify the correct option.	<ul> <li>Where would multi-foil insulation most commonly be installed in a building?</li> <li>a) Over floor joists.</li> <li>b) Under rafters in a loft.</li> <li>c) Between cavity brickwork.</li> <li>d) Between studs in a partition.</li> </ul>	В
ort answer questions (restricted sponse) ese are questions which require ndidates to give a brief and concise written sponse. The number of marks available will rrespond to the number of pieces of ormation/examples and the length of sponse required by the question. AO1 Knowledge Name the four methods that can be used to out when running internal or external in-situ mouldings. (4 m AO2 Understanding		Answers should include the <b>four</b> answers listed below, <b>one</b> mark for each: <ul> <li>Solid core.</li> <li>Corbel brickwork.</li> <li>Scotch bracketing.</li> <li>Timber keels.</li> </ul> <li>Explanation could include any <b>two</b> from the list below for a <b>maximum</b> of <b>four</b> marks:</li>

Explain why a plasterer would use traditional lime mortars when running in-situ mouldings.	• Vapour permeable (1 mark), which allows moisture to be absorbed and evaporated from
(4 marks)	<ul> <li>masonry structures (1 mark).</li> <li>Highly flexible (1 mark), which allows all aspects of movement within a substrate (1 mark).</li> <li>Compatible with historic building materials (1 mark) as it is a natural product (1 mark).</li> </ul>

#### **Extended response questions**

Extended response questions are those that require the candidate to write a longer written response using sentences and paragraphs. These usually require candidates to discuss, explain, etc. a topic in some detail. The question is often based on a short case study, scenario or other prompt. The level of detail should be gauged from the question and the number of marks available.

#### **Example question**

A prospective client has asked you to produce a cornice to a new extension measuring 18 m x 10 m. The client wishes to match the original run in-situ design found within the existing house as shown in Figure 1 below.



**Figure 1** Referring to the scenario and Figure 1 above. Discuss the traditional methods, tools and materials that could be used to complete this work.

(12 marks)

#### Mark scheme

#### Answer

#### Indicative content

- planning skills
- process methods of matching existing cornice
- materials used for each stage of the process
- construction of the running mould
- methods, tools and materials used for mitring and making good.

#### Band 1 (1 – 4 marks)

Basic discussion, providing a vague description of procedures and methods used to undertake the work. No references to pre-planning. To access marks at the top end of the band, some references made to materials that are used for completing the different stages of the work.

#### Example band 1 response

In order to carry out the work I would first make a running mould to match the existing cornice design and then fix a timber running rule to the wall to aid the running of the mould.

Before commencing the work I would ensure I have the correct tools and resources to carry out the work.

The first stage would be to core out the mould followed by running the finish once the core has set, once the finish has been run I would then fill in the mitres.

The materials I would need to carry out the work consist of the following: sink, timber rule, lime mortar, lime putty, casting plaster and reinforcements

#### Band 2 (5 – 8 marks)

Fair discussion, providing a limited description of procedures and logical methods used to undertake work. To access marks at the top end of the band limited justification of pre-planning and methods used for the work. Most references made to materials that are used for completing the different stages of the work.

#### Example band 2 response

In order to carry out the work I would need to take a squeeze and produce a zinc template and attach it to a running mould. The next stage is to set up the work area ensuring the area has been protected and ready to renovate.

The next stage is to fit a muffle on the running mould to allow for the finish run, then I would fit the timber running rules and prepare the background. I would also ensure I have the correct tools and resources to carry out the work which will include; small tool, joint rules, busk, water brushes, hand board, trowel, gauging trowel, spot board and stand, bowls and buckets.

I would begin the work by mixing the lime mortar and casting plaster to form the core along the mouldings run. After the core has set I would then remove the muffle ready to run the finish. The next stage is to mix the lime putty and casting plaster and apply to the core to form the finished run. The next stage is to fill-in all mitres making good. Once the work is complete I would clean up the working area and dispose of any waste.

#### Band 3 (9 – 12 marks)

Detailed and clear discussion of procedures and logical methods used to undertake work. To access marks at the top end of the band, detailed justification of pre-planning and methods used for the work. All references made to materials that are used for completing the different stages of the work.

#### Example band 3 response

In order to carry out the work I would need to take a squeeze of the original moulding in order to produce an in-situ running mould to match existing design. I would use a card held to the side of the moulding section and draw the outline of the moulding members and then transfer it to a zinc template and attach it to an in-situ running mould.

Before I would begin on the restoration I would analyse the materials used and ensure the work area is free from furniture and all areas are adequately protected. The next stage is to set up a mixing area with adequate scaffold to form the repair.

Before commencing the work I would ensure I have the correct tools and resources to carry out the work these would include: small tool, joint rules, busk, water brushes for filling in mitres, hand board, trowel, gauging trowel for mixing and applying, spot board and stand, bowls and buckets for mixing and gauging.

Before running the core I would fit a muffle on to the running mould to ensure I get an even thickness for my finish run. The next stage is to fix the timber running rules with masonry fixings and wad in place. I would then assess the background and prepare as necessary to ensure there is a good adhesion and a controlled suction.

I would then mix the lime mortar and casting plaster to form the core at a ratio of 2 lime mortar to 1 casting plaster and then apply and form the core evenly along the mouldings run.

The next stage is to remove the muffle and check the clearance for the finished run. The next stage is to mix the 2 parts lime putty with 1 of casting plaster and then apply to the core in order to form the finished moulding run.

The next stage is to ensure that all members are lining in before I fill in all mitres making good of the work. I would then remove the running rules and make good the fixing points.

Once the work is complete I would clean up the working area, dispose of any waste and return the furniture back in place.

# **Examination technique**

Candidates with a good understanding of the subject being assessed can often lose marks in exams because they lack experience or confidence in exams or awareness of how to maximise the time available to get the most out of the exam. Here is some suggested guidance for areas that could be covered in advance to help learners improve exam performance.

### Before the exam

Although candidates cannot plan the answers they will give in advance, exams for Technical qualifications do follow a common structure and format. In advance of taking the exam, candidates should:

- be familiar with the structure of the exam (ie number and type of questions).
- be aware of the amount of time they have in total to complete the exam.
- have a plan, based on the exam start and finish time for how long to spend on each question/section of the exam.
- be aware of how many marks are available for each question, how much they should expect to write for each question and allow most time for those questions which have the most marks available.

# At the start of the exam session

At the start of the exam, candidates:

- should carefully read through the exam paper before answering any questions.
- may find it helpful, where possible, to mark or highlight key information such as command words and number of marks available on the question paper.
- identify questions which require an extended written answer and those questions where all or part of the question may be answered by giving bullets, lists etc rather than full sentences.

# Answering the questions

Candidates do not have to answer exam questions in any particular order. They may find it helpful to consider, for example:

- tackling first those questions which they find easiest. This should help them get into the 'flow' of the exam and help confidence by building up marks quickly and at the start of the exam.
- tackling the extended answer question at an early stage of the exam to make sure they spend sufficient time on it and do not run out of time at the end of the exam.

Candidates should avoid wasting time by repeating the question either in full or in part in their answer.

Candidates should **always** attempt every question, even questions where they may be less confident about the answer they are giving. Candidates should be discouraged however, from spending too long on any answer they are less sure about and providing answers that are longer and give more detail than should be necessary in the hope of picking up marks. This may be mean they have less time to answer questions that they are better prepared to answer.

# **Extended answer questions**

Before writing out in full their answer to extended questions, candidates may find it helpful to identify the key requirements of the question and jot down a brief plan or outline of how they will answer it. This will help clarify their thinking and make sure that they don't get 'bogged down' or provide too much detail for one part of the question at the expense of others.

# Towards the end of the exam

Candidates should always set aside time at the end of the exam to read back through and review what they have written in order to make sure this is legible, makes sense and answers the question in full.

If a candidate finds they are running out of time to finish an answer towards the end of the exam, they should attempt to complete the answer in abbreviated or note form. Provided the content is clear and relevant, examiners will consider such answers and award marks where merited. Further guidance on preparing candidates to take the exam is given in the City & Guilds publication, <u>Technical Qualifications, Teaching, Learning and Assessment</u> which can be downloaded free of charge from City & Guilds website.

# 4. Further information

For further information to support delivery and exam preparation for this qualification, centres should see:

# **City & Guilds**

*Qualification homepage: <u>https://www.cityandguilds.com/qualifications-and-</u> <u>apprenticeships/construction/construction/7908-plastering#tab=information</u> which includes:* 

- Qualification handbook
- Synoptic assignment
- Sample assessments

Technical Qualifications, Resources and Support: <u>www.cityandguilds.com/techbac/technical</u> <u>qualifications/resources-and-support</u>

#### Joint Council for Qualifications

Instructions for Conducting Examinations: <u>http://www.jcq.org.uk/exams-office/ice---instructions-for-conducting-examinations</u>