City & Guilds Level 3 End-point Assessment for Maintenance and Operations Engineering Technician (9320-300)

Electrical Technician pathway

Standard: ST0154
EPA Plan: Version 1.1/1.4

March 2025 Version 1.2

Sample Knowledge Test

Sample paper, multiple choice mark sheet and mark scheme

Contents

Version and date	Change detail	Section
V1 January 2020	Document created	
V1.2 March 2025	ST0154/AP02 removed from the title. ST0154/AP02 added to the front page.	Throughout Front page

1 Introduction

What is in this document

This document contains the Sample Knowledge test for the City & Guilds Level 3 End-point Assessment for Maintenance and Operations Engineering Technician - Electrical Technician pathway (9320-300) – Multiple Choice Knowledge test.

How to use the forms

The following documents are included;

- Sample question knowledge test
- Multiple choice answer sheet
- Mark scheme

Apprentices should be provided with the sample questions and the answer sheet.

The mark scheme is to be used by employers/training providers/tutors to mark the completed tests.

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9320-300 End-point Assessment – Knowledge test (sample)

Version 1.2 – March 2025

You should have the following for this test

- a pen with black or blue ink
- multiple choice questions answer sheets
- non programmable calculator

Read the following notes before you answer any questions:

- Attempt all questions
- If you find a question difficult, leave it and return to it later

This paper contains 30 multiple choice questions worth 1 mark each.

The time allowed for this test is 45 minutes.

The drawings are not to scale.

This question paper is the property of City & Guilds

How to complete the multiple choice answer sheet

Each multiple choice question shows four possible answers (lettered 'a', 'b', 'c' and 'd'); only one is correct.

Decide which one is correct and mark your answer on the answer sheet with your pen.

For example if you decide 'b' is correct, mark your answer with a cross like this:

1 a ☐ b ☒ c ☐ d ☐

If you change your answer, cancel your first choice by filling in the box then put a cross in the answer which you have now decided is correct like this:

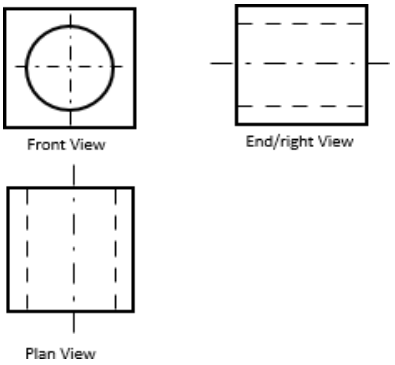
1 a ☐ b ■ c ☒ d ☐

9320-300 Sample Knowledge Test Paper

1. Which electrical component does this circuit symbol represent?

a Battery
b Lamp
c Resistor
d Transformer

2. What type of orthographic projection is shown in this picture?



a First angle
b Second angle
c Third angle
d Isometric

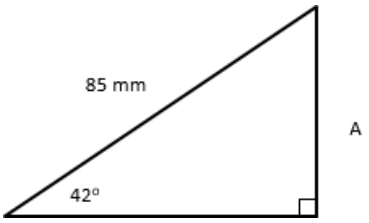
3. An engineer has measured a voltage of 4.5 V across a 1 kΩ resistor. How much current is flowing through the resistor?

a 0.0045 A
b 4.5 A
c 222.22 A
d 4500 A

4. An engineer is selecting a material for a socket for an electrical plug. Which material would be the **most** suitable for this application?
   a Copper
   b Brass
   c Thermoplastic
   d Thermosetting plastic

5. Which type of corrosion is described in this statement: 'the preferential corrosion of one metal when it is in electrical contact with another metal, in the presence of an electrolyte'
   a Galvanic
   b Oxidation
   c Pitting
   d Rusting

6. Calculate the length of side A, rounding to the nearest whole number.



   a 49 mm
   b 57 mm
   c 63 mm
   d 77 mm

7. What is the function of a circuit breaker?
   a To convert high transmission voltage to low voltage
   b To convert mechanical energy into electrical power
   c To increase current flow after a fault is detected
   d To interrupt current flow after a fault is detected

8. The definition of friction is:
   a The heat generated between two surfaces in contact with each other.
   b The force pulling two surfaces together.
   c The resistance that a surface encounters when moving over another surface.
   d The amount of material worn away from a surface.

9. Multimeters are normally calibrated. In this context, what does calibration mean?
   a Recording where the multimeter was purchased and the products that it has been used to measure
   b Using the multimeter to measure products to ensure they meet the requirements
   c Collecting documentary evidence that measurements carried out in production maintain the desired level of accuracy at all times
   d Ensuring that the multimeter gives the same measurement as a device of known accuracy.

10. Which piece of legislation details the requirements for reporting dangerous occurrences and accidents?
    a PUWER
    b RIDDOR
    c COSHH
    d HASAW

11. Which type of fire extinguisher should be used to extinguish an electrical fire?
    a Carbon dioxide
    b Foam
    c Water
    d Wet chemical.

12. An environmental condition that could lead to accidents in the workplace is:
    a Workers not wearing the provided PPE
    b Appropriate ventilation
    c Lack of management control of the workforce
    d Inadequate lighting.

13. What does the colour blue mean on a safety sign?
    a The activity shown is prohibited
    b The instruction shown is mandatory
    c The sign provides information about an emergency exit
    d It is a warning sign

14. What is the purpose of the ISO14001 standard?
    a To help companies document the elements needed to maintain an efficient quality system
    b To specify the requirements for environmental management systems
    c To ensure that all machines and processes in the workplace do not affect the environment
    d To ensure that workplaces are safe and accidents are reported to appropriate authorities

15. A worker is lifting an electrical motor to put it into a machine. The motor weighs 10 kg. What would be an appropriate item of personal protective equipment to reduce the risks associated with this activity?
    a Safety boots
    b Ear muffs
    c Hard hat
    d Glasses.

16. During maintenance, what is meant by system isolation?
    a Removing a machine or process from the workshop, so it cannot interfere with other activities
    b Working independently on a machine without assistance from other engineers
    c A safety document that permits certain people to carry out specific work within a specified time frame
    d A safety procedure that ensures machines are shut off and cannot be started up again prior to the completion of work.

17. An engineer is about to repair a circuit that contains a capacitor. What should the engineer do before working near the capacitor to prevent electric shock from it?
    a Ensure the capacitor is fully charged
    b Ensure the capacitor is fully discharged
    c Ensure the capacitor is partially charged
    d Ensure the capacitor is partially discharged.

18. An instrument that can be used to measure voltage, current and resistance is:
    a Ammeter
    b Multimeter
    c Ohmmeter
    d Voltmeter.

19. The technique which involves joining two pieces of wire by deforming them is:
    a Crimping
    b De-soldering
    c Screwing
    d Soldering.

20. A first aider has been called to treat a victim of electric shock. The action the first aider should take first is:
    a Check the person for burns or other wounds
    b Check the person is breathing
    c Perform CPR on the victim
    d Separate the victim from the power source

21. Which part is commonly a 'lifed' item in a product?
    a Housing (casing)
    b Resistor
    c Overload protection device
    d Electric motor

22. What is the SI base unit for capacity?
    a Litre
    b Gallon
    c Metre
    d Kilogram

23. What is measured in units of kg m-3?
    a Power
    b Density
    c Capacity
    d Conductivity

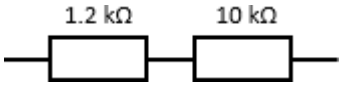
24. What is the opposition to the flow of electric current called?

a Potential difference
b Power
c Resistance
d Voltage

25. An electric heater has a power rating of 1500 W and works off a supply voltage of 230 V. What is the heater's current rating?

a 0.2 A
b 6.5 A
c 1270 A
d 1720 A

26. Calculate the total resistance of the circuit shown.



a 8.8 kΩ
b 11.2 kΩ
c 12.1 kΩ
d 20.2 kΩ

27. What type of force is represented by the arrow in this image?

a Compression
b Shear
c Tension
d Torsion

28 A box of equipment is pushed 2 m along a flat surface by applying a force of 30 N. What is the work done when moving the box?

a 15 J
b 30 J
c 45 J
d 60 J

29. An engineer is inspecting an electric lamp. The lamp has a voltage of 9 V across it and a current of 3 A flowing through it. What is the power dissipated by the lamp?

a 3 W
b 6 W
c 12 W
d 27 W

30. A metal plate has a thermal conductivity of 75 W m-1 oC-1. It is 0.05 m thick and the area of heat transfer is 1 m2. The temperature is 200oC on one side and 50oC on the other. Calculate the heat transfer through the plate.

Heat transfer Q = (k/s) A dT, where k is the thermal conductivity of the material, s is the material thickness, A is the area of heat transfer and dT is the difference in temperature.

a 1.5 kJ
b 56.25Kj
c 112.5kJ
d 225 k

9320-300 Knowledge Test Multiple Choice Answer sheet (Sample Test)

Test: | | | | | - | | | |

Candidate name: *First name* *Last name*

(Please print)

Date of test: dd / mm / yy

1	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	16	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
2	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	17	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
3	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	18	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
4	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	19	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
5	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	20	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
6	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	21	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
7	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	22	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
8	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	23	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
9	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	24	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
10	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	25	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
11	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	26	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
12	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	27	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
13	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	28	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
14	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	29	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐
15	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐	30	a ☐	b ☐	c ☐	d ☐

Number of correct answers: / 30

Grade: Pass /Merit/Distinction/ Fail

Marked by:

Date: dd / mm / yy

9320-300 Knowledge Test Multiple Choice Mark Scheme (sample)

Marks: 30 Pass: 60% (18 Marks) Merit:75% (22 Marks) Distinction:85% (25 Marks)

Question no	Key	Question no	Key
1	**a**	16	**d**
2	**a**	17	**b**
3	**a**	18	**b**
4	**d**	19	**a**
5	**a**	20	**d**
6	**b**	21	**c**
7	**d**	22	**a**
8	**c**	23	**b**
9	**d**	24	**c**
10	**b**	25	**b**
11	**a**	26	**b**
12	**d**	27	**d**
13	**b**	28	**d**
14	**b**	29	**d**
15	**a**	30	**d**

About City & Guilds

Founded in 1878 to develop the knowledge, skills, and behaviours needed to help businesses thrive, we offer a broad and imaginative range of products and services that help people achieve their potential through work based learning.

We believe in a world where people and organisations have the confidence and capabilities to prosper, today and in the future. So we work with like-minded partners to develop the skills that industries demand across the world.

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